



# TEST PAPER: MATHEMATICS

Time: 50 Minutes

Class: 10<sup>th</sup> C.B.S.E.

Max. Marks: 30 Marks

Date: 28<sup>th</sup> March, 2018

**Marking Scheme:** Three questions carry 10 marks each. Question 1 has 10 MCQ's of 1 mark each. Questions 2 and 3 have 3 subparts each. Subparts (a) and (b) carry 3 marks each and subpart (c) carries 4 marks.

## Question 1:

1. The HCF of  $x^3y^5z^2$  &  $a^3x^2y^6z$  is?

$x^2y^5z^2$

$a^3x^3y^6z^2$

$x^2y^5z$

$x^3y^6z^2$

2. The [HCF x LCM] for the numbers 50 and 20 is

10

100

1000

50

3. Which of the following number has terminating decimal expansion?

$37/45$

$21/2688$

$17/49$

$89/2232$

4. Euclid's division lemma states that for two positive integers a and b, there exist unique integers q and r such that  $a = bq + r$ , where r must satisfy?

$1 < r < b$

$0 < r \leq b$

$0 \leq r < b$

$0 < r < b$

5. The decimal expansion of the number  $31/22.5$  will terminate after

One Decimal Place

Two Decimal Place

Three Decimal Place

More than 3 Decimal Place

6. That  $\text{HCF}(2520, 6600) = 40$ ,  $\text{LCM}(2520, 6600) = 252 \times k$ , then the value of k is:

1650

1600

165

1625

7. If p, q are two co - prime numbers. LCM (p, q) is:

p

q

pq

1

8. The decimal expansion of the rational number  $23/22.5$  will terminate after

One Decimal Place

Two Decimal Place

Three Decimal Place

More than 3 Decimal Place

9.  $n^2 - 1$  is divisible by 8, if  $n$  is

- 1
- p
- q
- pq

10. If  $p, q$  are two prime number, then LCM ( $p, q$ ) is:

- 1
- p
- q
- pq

**Question 2:**

- a. If H.C.F. of 144 and 180 is expressed of the form  $13m - 3$ , find the value of  $m$ . [3]
- b. The H.C.F. of 45 and 105 is 15, hence find its L.C.M. [3]
- c. Show that  $\sqrt{7}$  is an irrational number. Hence also show that  $2 - \sqrt{7}$  is also an irrational number. [4]

**Question 3:**

- a. Find the largest number that divides 650 and 1170 using Euclid's algorithm. [3]
- b. Three bells ring at intervals of 12 minutes, 15 minutes and 18 minutes respectively. If the start ringing together at time  $t = 0$  s, after what time will they next ring together? [3]
- c. Find the H.C.F. and L.C.M. of 378, 180 and 420 by prime factorization method. [4]