



# TEST PAPER: MATHEMATICS

Time: 90 Minutes

Class: 8<sup>th</sup> I.C.S.E.

Max. Marks: 50 Marks

Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> July, 2018

**Marking Scheme:** Four questions carry 10 marks each. Questions have 3 subparts each. Subparts (a) and (b) carry 3 marks each and subpart (c) carries 4 marks.

## Question 1:

- Evaluate the square root of 69.8896
- Evaluate:  $(-1/4)^{-3} \times (-1/4)^{-2}$
- Find the least number of six digits which is a perfect square. Find the square root of this number.

## Question 2:

- Find the smallest number by which 396 must be multiplied so that the product becomes a perfect square.
- Arrange the following numbers in ascending order:  
 $\frac{-21}{105}$ ,  $\frac{12}{21}$ ,  $\frac{16}{5}$ ,  $\frac{20}{105}$ .
- Find the least number that must be added to 6412 to make it a perfect square.

## Question 3:

- Find the smallest number by which 1100 must be divided so that the quotient is a perfect square.
- Simplify:  $(3/2 \times 1/6) + (5/3 \times 7/2) - (13/8 \times 4/3)$
- Evaluate:  
(i)  $\left\{ \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^{-1} - \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{-1} \right\}^{-1}$  (ii)  $\left( \frac{5}{8} \right)^{-7} \times \left( \frac{8}{5} \right)^{-4}$

## Question 4:

- By what number should we multiply  $(-8/13)$ , so that the product may be 24?
- Represent  $-11/3$  on the number line.
- Find the value of.  
(i)  $(3^0 + 4^{-1}) \times 2^2$   
(ii)  $(2^{-1} \times 4^{-1}) \div 2^{-2}$

## Question 5:

- Find the value and express as a rational number in standard form:  
(i)  $2/5 \div 26/15$   
(ii)  $10/3 \div (-35/12)$
- From a rope 11 m long, two pieces of lengths  $13/5$  m and  $33/10$  m are cut off. What is the length of the remaining rope?
- Find 4 rational numbers between  $2/3$  and  $6/7$ .