



TEST PAPER: MATHEMATICS

Time: 80 Minutes

Class: 10th C.B.S.E.

Max. Marks: 40 Marks

Date: 29th July, 2018

Marking Scheme: Four questions carry 10 marks each. Questions have 3 subparts each. Subparts (a) and (b) carry 3 marks each and subpart (c) carries 4 marks.

Question 1:

- Show that: $\tan 10^\circ \tan 15^\circ \tan 75^\circ \tan 80^\circ = 1$
- If $\theta = 30^\circ$, prove that $\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$
- In ΔABC , P is a point on AB, $AP:PB = 2:3$. $PQ \parallel BC$ and is extended to Q so that $CQ \parallel BA$. Find:
 - area ΔAPO : area ΔABC
 - area ΔAPO : area ΔCQO

Question 2:

- In a triangle ABC, right angled at B, $\tan A = 5$. Find the value of $\sin A$, $\operatorname{cosec} A$ and $\cos A$.
- Rs. 480 is divided equally among x children. If the number of children were 20 more then each would have got Rs.12 less. Find x
- A hotel bill for a number of people for overnight stay is Rs.4,800. If there were 4 people more, the bill each person had to pay, would have reduced by Rs.200. find the number of people staying overnight.

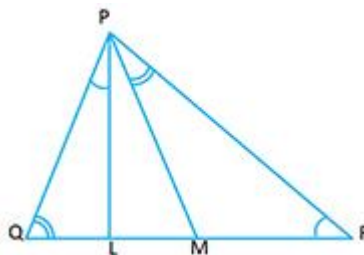
Question 3:

- A car covers a distance of 400 km at certain speed. Had the speed been 12 km/h more, the time taken for the journey would have been 1 hour 40 minutes less. Find the original speed of the car.
- Without solving the following quadratic equation, find the value of 'p' for which the roots are equal.
 $px^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$
- In ΔPQR , L and M are two points on the base QR, such that $\angle LPQ = \angle QRP$ and $\angle RPM = \angle RQP$. Prove that:

(i) $\Delta PQL \sim \Delta RPM$

(ii) $QL \times RM = PL \times PM$

(iii) $PQ^2 = QR \times QL$.



Question 4:

- A two digit number is such that the products of the digits is 6. When 9 is added to the number, the digits interchange their places. Find the number.

- Find m, if the roots are equal:

$$x^2 + 2(m - 1)x + (m + 5) = 0$$

- In the given figure ΔABC is a right angled triangle with $\angle BAC = 90^\circ$.

(i) Prove $\Delta ADB \sim \Delta CDA$

(ii) If $BD = 18$ cm and $CD = 8$ cm, find AD

(iii) Find the ratio of the area of triangle ADB is to area of triangle CDA.