

Marking Scheme: All questions carry 10 marks each. Subparts (A) and (B) carry 3 marks each and subpart (C) carries 4 marks.

# Question 1:

## A. Explain the following.

- 1. Cork & bark help in preventing loss of water.
- 2. Transpiration is a price paid for photosynthesis.
- 3. More transpiration occurs on the lower surface of a leaf.

#### B. Define.

- 1. Guttation.
- 2. Bleeding.
- 3. Transpiration.

#### C. Answer the following.

- 1. Explain any two types of photometers apart from Ganong's & what are they used to measure.
- 2. What are lenticels? What is lenticular transpiration? Is it possible for a young plant to perform it?

#### **Question 2:**

#### A. Differentiate (2 each).

- 1. Evaporation & transpiration.
- 2. Cuticular & stomatal transpiration.
- 3. Guttation & transpiration.

## B. 1. What is the instrument called?

- 2. What does it measure?
- 3. Give its limitations.



#### C. If a leaf 'A' is coated with wax on both the surfaces and 'B' only on upper surface &'C' on lower surface; then-

- 1. Which leaf will limp soon? Why?
- 2. Which one will show least limping?
- 3. If the plant is covered with a polythene bag with a cobalt chloride paper inside will happen?
- 4. If all the leaves of that plant are removed; will there be transpiration still? How?

## **Question 3:**

## A. Explain with reason how rate of transpiration gets affected by-

- 1. Humidity.
- 2. Sunlight.
- 3. Atmospheric pressure.

## B. Give functions of

- 1. Guard cells.
- 2. Cuticle.
- 3. Water reservoir in a photometer.

## C. Answer the following.

- 1. Give any four adaptations in a plant to reduce Transpiration.
- 2. How transpiration affects climate?
- 3. Is transpiration an excretory process? Explain.
- 4. What is suction force?