

TEST PAPER: BIOLOGY

Time: 45 Minutes Class: CBSE 10

Max. Marks: 30 Marks Date: 19th Sept 2018

Marking Scheme: All questions carry 10 marks each. Subparts (A) and (B) carry 3 marks each and subpart (C) carries 4 marks.

Question 1:

- A. Give the functions of:
- 1. Guard cells.
- 2. Gastric hydrochloric acid.
- 3. Abscisic acid.

B. Give reason.

- 1. In single celled organisms diffusion is sufficient to meet all their requirements of food, exchange of gases or removal of wastes but it is not in case of multicellular organisms.
- 2. Reflex action is quick & involuntary.
 - 3. Alveoli can facilitate proper gaseous exchange.

C. Answer the following.

- (a) Explain how the exchange of gases occurs in plants across the surface of leaves.
- (b) How are water and minerals transported in plants?

Question 2.

A. Differentiate

- 1. Dendrite & axon.
- 2. End products of aerobic & anaerobic respiration.
- 3. Plasma & lymph.

B. Fill in the blanks with proper words/phrases.

- _____ is an example of plant growth hormone.
 Hypo secretion of _____ causes goiter.
 ____ are the smallest blood vessels.
 ____ are two useful waste products of plants.
 ____ is the vessel that carries blood to the lungs from the heart.
- B. What is double circulation? Describe the whole blood circulation process in detail.
- C. How does our body respond when adrenaline is secreted into the blood? Describe in detail.

Question 3.

A. 1. Name the following.

- 1. Enzyme in saliva.
- 2. Two hormones secreted by gonads.
- 3. Movement of roots towards water.
- 4. Gaseous exchange takes place in these small structures of lungs.
- **5.** Mechanism that triggers the production of hormones in body.

B. Explain the result of hypo secretion of these glands/hormones.

- 1. Pancreas.
- 2. Thyroid.
- 3. Cytokinin.

C. Solve the questions.

- 1. Explain artificial dialysis.
- 2. What is nastic movement?
- 3. Why pituitary is called master gland? Name its secretion responsible for growth & explain its hypo or hyper secretion effects on human body.

OPTIONAL-

Q.4. A. Answer the following.

- 1. Can the frequency of an inherited trait change over generations? Give an example.
- 2. Why is the extinction of certain species a cause of worry from the point of view of genetics?
- 3. What is law of segregation? Who stated it? Explain with a suitable example.

B. Define.

- 1. Spaciation.
- 2. Heredity.
- 3. Genes.

C. Differentiate.

- 1. Homologous and analogous characters.
- 2. Acquired & inherited traits.
- 3. Pair of sex chromosomes in males & females.